

# GLOBAL SOLVABILITY OF A SYSTEM OF LPDE'S ON THE TORUS

## $\mathbb{T}^{n+1}$

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In this work we study the global solvability of a system of  $n$  smooth vector fields on the torus  $\mathbb{T}^{n+1} \simeq (\mathbb{R}/2\pi\mathbb{Z})^{n+1}$  given by

$$L_j = \frac{\partial}{\partial t_j} + (a_j(t) + ib_j(t_j)) \frac{\partial}{\partial x}, \quad j = 1, \dots, n,$$

where  $a_j, b_j \in C^\infty(\mathbb{T}^n; \mathbb{R})$  and  $(t, x) = (t_1, \dots, t_n, x)$  are the coordinates in the torus  $\mathbb{T}^{n+1}$ . We assume that the 1-form  $c = a + ib \in \wedge^1 C^\infty(\mathbb{T}^n)$  is closed, where  $a(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n a_j(t) dt_j$  and  $b(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n b_j(t_j) dt_j$  are real 1-forms. Therefore, the system is involutive (see [7]). We study the global solvability in the following sense: Given functions  $f_1, \dots, f_n$  in  $C^\infty(\mathbb{T}^{n+1})$  satisfying certain compatibility conditions, we seek necessary and/or sufficient conditions for the system of the differential equations

$$L_j u = f_j, \quad j = 1, \dots, n,$$

to have a solution  $u$  in  $\mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{T}^{n+1})$ .

We consider the case where each function  $b_j$  is not identically zero. If  $b$  is non-exact then the global solvability is completely determined by the existence of a function  $b_j$  that does not change sign. Also, we prove that this condition is equivalent to the property of all the sublevel and superlevel sets of the global primitive of  $\Pi^*b$  being connected in the minimal covering space  $\Pi : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{T}^n$  on which  $\Pi^*b$  is exact. If  $b$  is exact then the system is globally solvable if and only if the real part  $a$  is integral and all the sublevel and superlevel sets of the global primitive of  $b$  are connected in  $\mathbb{T}^n$ .

## References

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